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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/078,373	02/21/2002	Frank Menzel	219209US0X	4933
22850	7590 08/29/2005		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			VIJAYAKUMAR, KALLAMBELLA M	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,	·	1751	

DATE MAILED: 08/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

		L/S
Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/078,373	MENZEL ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Kallambella Vijayakumar	1751	

Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kallambella Vijayakumar	1751			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress -		
THE REPLY FILED 04 August 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AI	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.			
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of ving replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in one with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mi	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)		
 a) The period for reply expires 6 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire it 	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth	in the final rejection, wh	ichever is later. In		
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	(b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THI	•			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri	iate extension fee ice action: or (2) as		
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since		
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below	nsideration and/or search (see NO w);	TE below);			
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in being appeal; and/or			the issues for		
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ected claims.			
 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) 	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).		
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the		
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-23. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	☐ will not be entered, or b) ⊠ wi vided below or appended.	II be entered and an e	explanation of		
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	nt before or on the date of filing a N d sufficient reasons why the affida	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence is	ot be entered s necessary and		
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to c showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fai see 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).		
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio <u>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</u> 	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ned.		
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu	it does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:		
12. ☑ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). 13. ☐ Other:	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s). <u>08/04/2005</u>			
1m. L					
·		Mark Kopec			
		orimone Everaines			

Primary Examiner

The applicants claim an aqueous dispersion of Si-Al-mixed-oxide made by slurrying the components, wherein the composition of the Si-Al-mixed oxide encompasses a wide range of elemental ratios. The prior art by Mangold (EP-617) and Deller (US-455) teach aqueous dispersions of Si-Al-mixed oxides whose compositions are identical to those claimed by the applicants and further made using identical reactants and identical process employing flame hydrolysis whereby the particle size of the compositions will be identical. When the reference teaches a product that appears to be the same as the product set forth in a product-by-process claim although produced by a different process, the claim is not patentable. See In re Marosi, 710 F.2d 799, 218 USPQ 289 (Fed. Cir. 1983) And In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 227 USPQ 964 (Fed. Cir. 1985). See also MPEP 2113. The wide range of the prior art mixed-oxide compositions produced at fusion temperatures in a hydrogen burner will further encompass the compositions in claims 3-5.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the allegations by the applicants that the prior art by Pryor et al does not teach a composition with Si-O-Al bonds and further the prior art teaches only silica slurries while it does not provide any working e4xamples of silica-alumina slurries. The prior art teaches dispersions of mixed oxides including SiO2.Al2O3 prepared by cogelling procedures (Col-3, Ln 53-56) whereby such a bond would be inherent. Disclosed examples and preferred embodiments do not constitute a teaching away from a broader disclosure or nonpreferred embodiments. In re Susi, 440 F.2d 442, 169 USPQ 423 (CCPA 1971).

With regard to the rejections under under 35 USC 103, the applicants argue that the primary reference by Mangold (EP-617) does not disclose the aqueous dispersions. The examiner respectfully disagrees with this because, the reference teaches dispersions of Si-Almixed-oxides that could be used as CMP slurries and CMP slurries are aquoeus ones (Paragraphs 0005-0006). The secondary references teach the missing elements in the primary reference and the combination of the references leads to the claimed invention. Pryor et al teach dispersions of silica-alumina and the combination of this primary reference with the secondary references leads to the claimed invention.

With regard to the obviousness type of double patenting rejections, the differences are cited in the office action mailed 05/04/2005, wherein they differ by reciting a CMP slurry or by the recitation of Si-O-Al bonds for the identical compositions and a slurry made by using a defined energy input or wherein the argued superiority is not enabled in the specification with a comparative data.